2003-05 State Health Budget Overview

For

Washington State Board of Health

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2003-05 State Health Budget Overview

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- Proposed Priorities of Government in Health
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- Public Health
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The Budget Shortfall Short --- \$2.4 Billion

• A national recession hit Washington State hard --- highest unemployment in the U.S.

The forecast of a very slow recovery

• Health care costs (40% of the state budget) forecast to rise at rates up to 6 times higher than general inflation

Proposed Priorities of Government in Health

- Preserve the Public Health System
- Maintain high priority programs for vulnerable children and adults; eliminate "lower priority" programs
- Preserve Medicaid and Basic Health Plan by reversing planned expansions and using new BHP tobacco tax revenue for preserved programs

Final Budget Overview

- Similar to Proposed Priorities of Government;
 - Public health maintained

 High priority and some "lower priority" programs for vulnerable populations preserved

 Medicaid and Basic Health Plan preserved by reversing expansions; new tobacco tax funds used to preserve programs

Public Health

- Expand Food Safety Program
- Add Newborn Screening Tests
- Add Tech. Asst. to Hospitals on Hearing Tests
- Increase HIV Rx Program Cost Sharing
- Eliminate Child Death Review
- Increase Reliance on Fees

Vulnerable Children and Adults Major Enhancements

• \$.75/hour raise for home care workers

• 3% increase in nursing home patient payment rates

 Provide increased federal fund potential for Mental Health Regional Support Networks

Vulnerable Children and Adults Reduce "lower priority" programs

- Eliminate funds for court-rejected settlement in ARC suit for DD people
- Reduce spousal resource limits; delay Medicaid nursing home payments for 500
- Cap C.O.P.E.S.; deny help to some 700
- Cut in-home personal care for 475

Vulnerable Children and Adults Reduce "lower priority" programs (con't)

- Cut state welfare (GA-U) to those with improved medical impairments
- Reduce care for mentally ill children by requiring premium shares and tightening eligibility audits
- Cut T.A.S.C --- Drug treatment for offenders
- Eliminate treatment for those gravely disabled by substance abuse

Medical Care Reduce Medical Assistance

- Replace Medically Indigent Program with smaller assistance programs for hospitals
- Reduce Managed Care Plan inflation
- Require premium shares from Medicaid recipients with incomes greater than poverty
- Reduce projected Medicaid caseload by 25,000
- Consolidate drug purchasing
- Reduce adult dental program by 25%
- Reduce DME by 5%

Medical Care Reduce the Basic Health Plan

• Repeal Initiative 773 requirement to expand BHP to 175,000 enrollees by July 2005

- Reduce BHP enrollment to 100,000
- Redirect I 773 new tobacco tax revenue
- Reduce the value of BHP benefits by 18%
- Reduce assumed inflation